

Model-Independent Analysis of ring lattice

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Some references:

- C.X. Wang, M. Borland, V. Sajaev, K.J. Kim, “BPM system evaluation using model-independent analysis”, PAC01
- C.X. Wang, J. Iriwn, Y. Yan, “Computation of nonlinear one-turn maps from measurement with model-independent analysis”, PAC99
- J. Irwin, C.X. Wang, Y. Yan, et. Al., PRL 82(8), 1999.
- Chun-xi Wang, “Model-Independent Analysis of beam centroid dynamics in accelerators”, Ph.D. dissertation, Stanford University.

What is Model-Independent Analysis (MIA)

- ❑ It's statistical analysis (principal component analysis) of spatial-temporal modes in beam centroid motion recorded by the BPMs.
- ❑ It's mostly independent of detailed machine models.
- ❑ It's inclusive rather than exclusive. Various other data analysis methods such as Fourier analysis, map analysis, etc. (even machine modeling) are being incorporated.
- ❑ It's not a recipe for a specific measurement, instead, it's a new paradigm that facilitates systematic measurement/analysis of beam dynamics. Recipes have been developed for specific measurements, but there are a lot more to do and R&D are required.

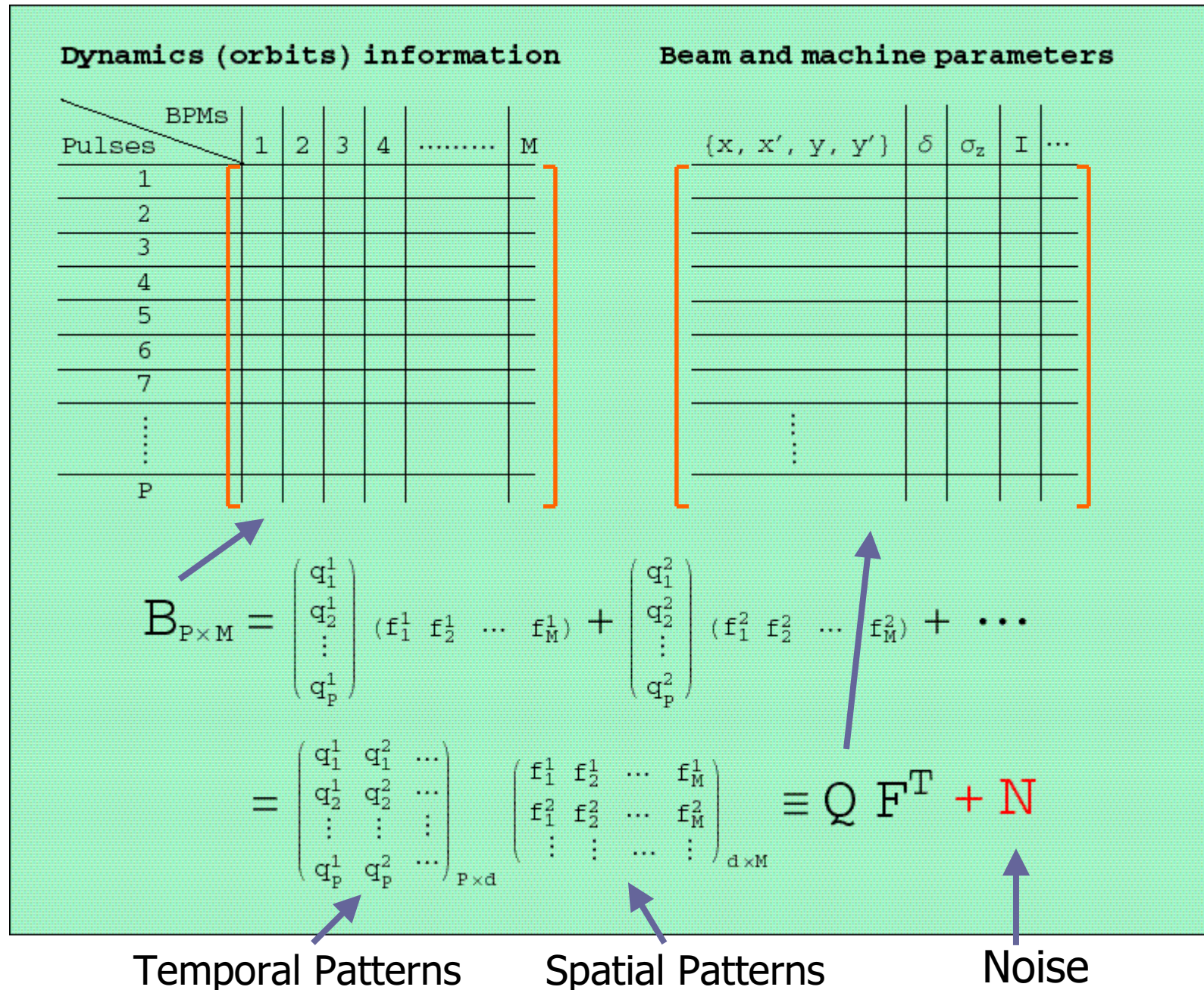
Advantages:

High sensitivity, model independent, quick and non-invasive, systematic

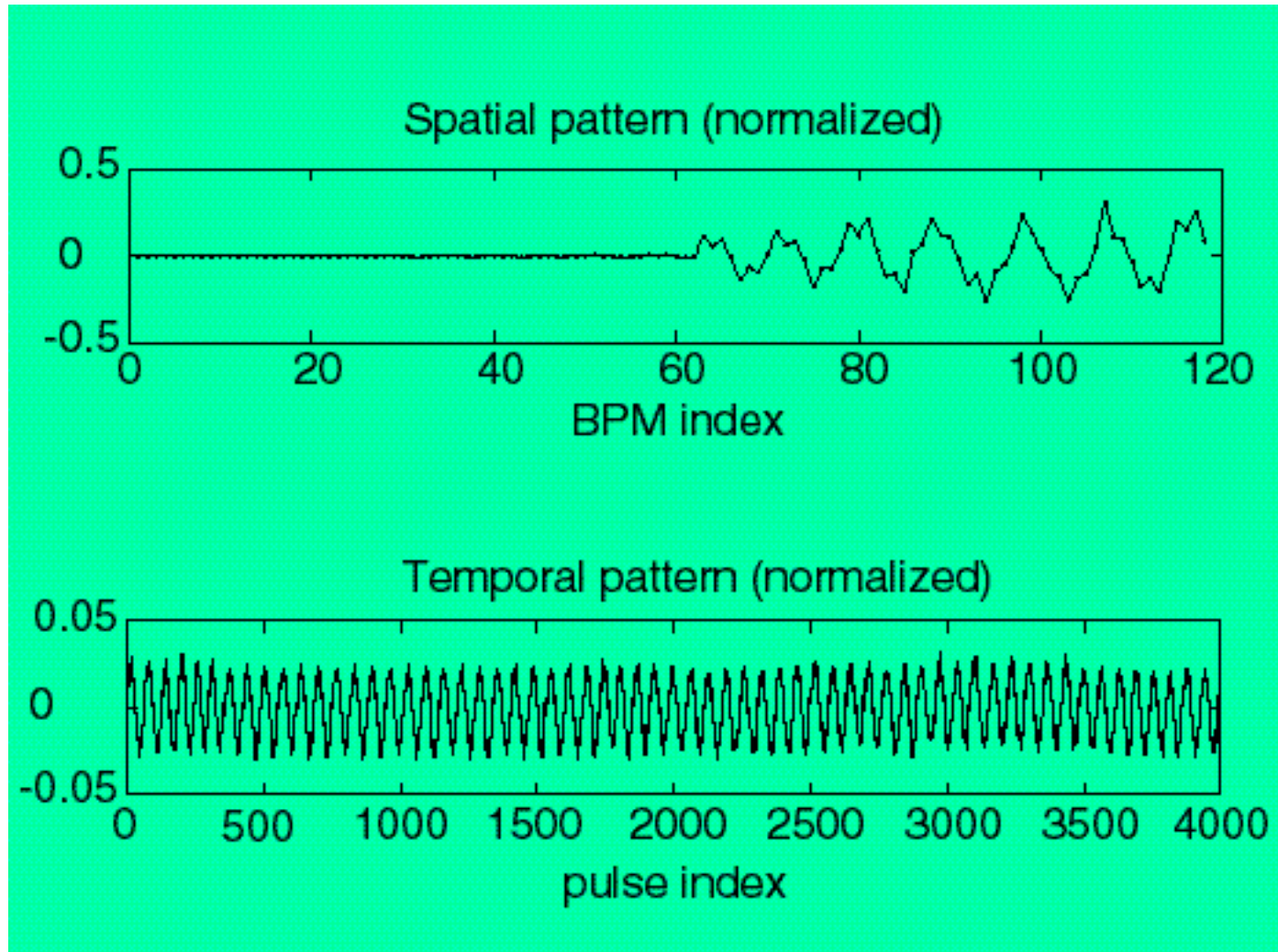
Basic requirements on instrumentations:

A large set of reliable turn-by-turn BPMs

Physical base decomposition of BPM-data matrices

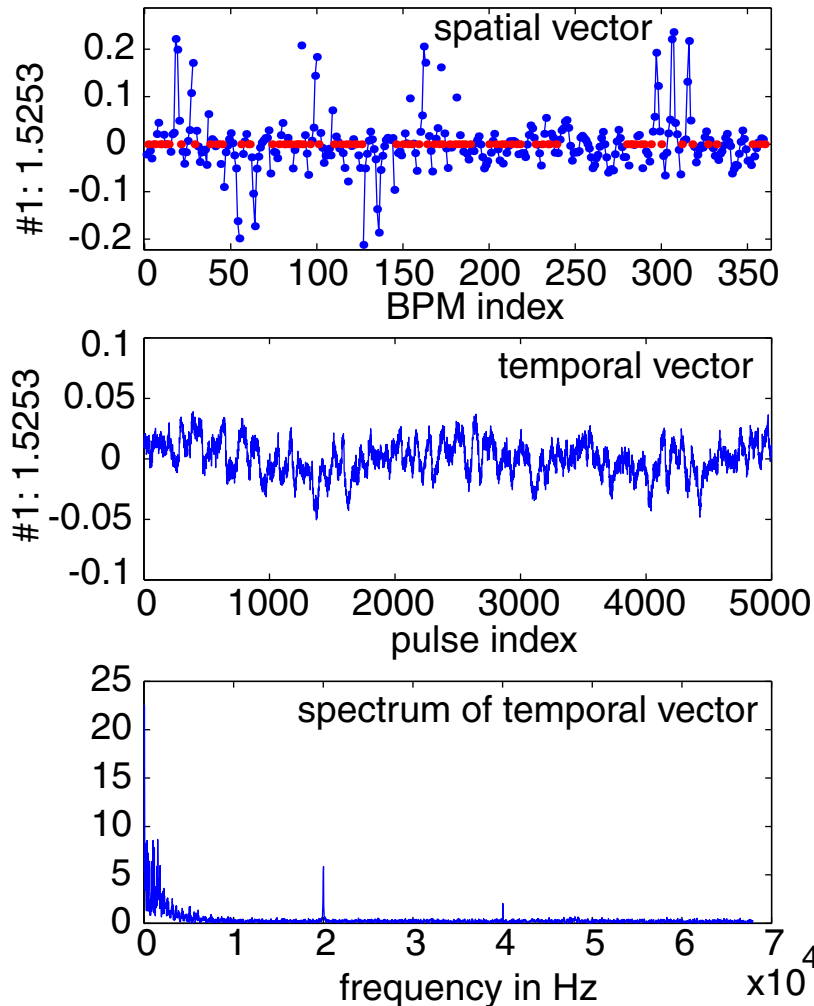


A physical mode due to a dithering corrector

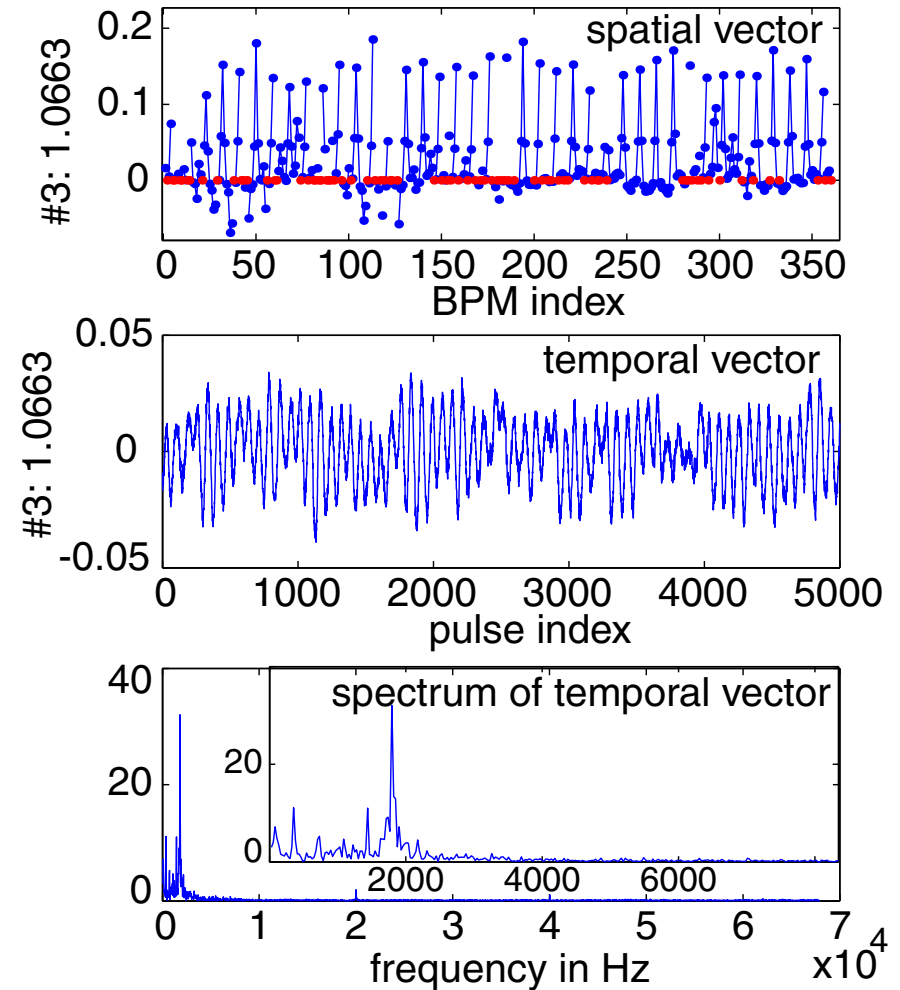


Experiment done at SLC

Examples of horizontal coherent modes in APS ring

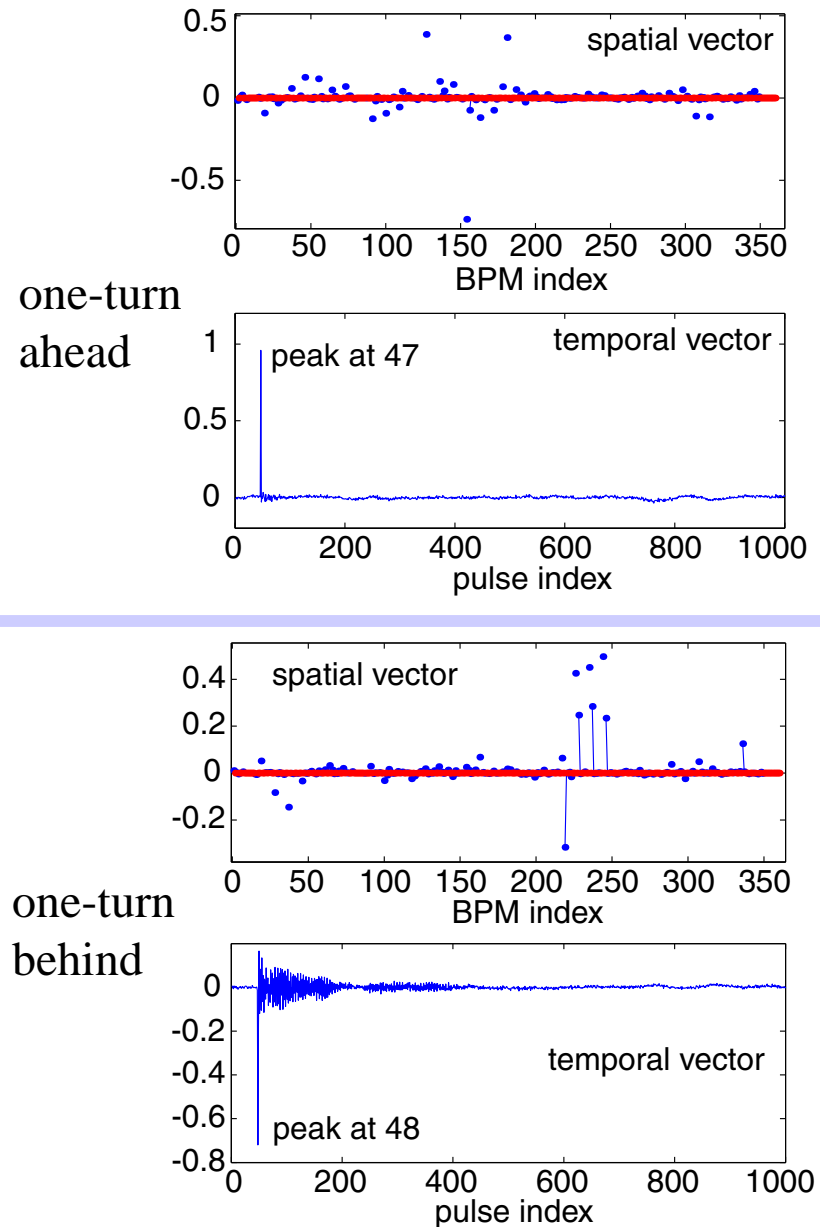
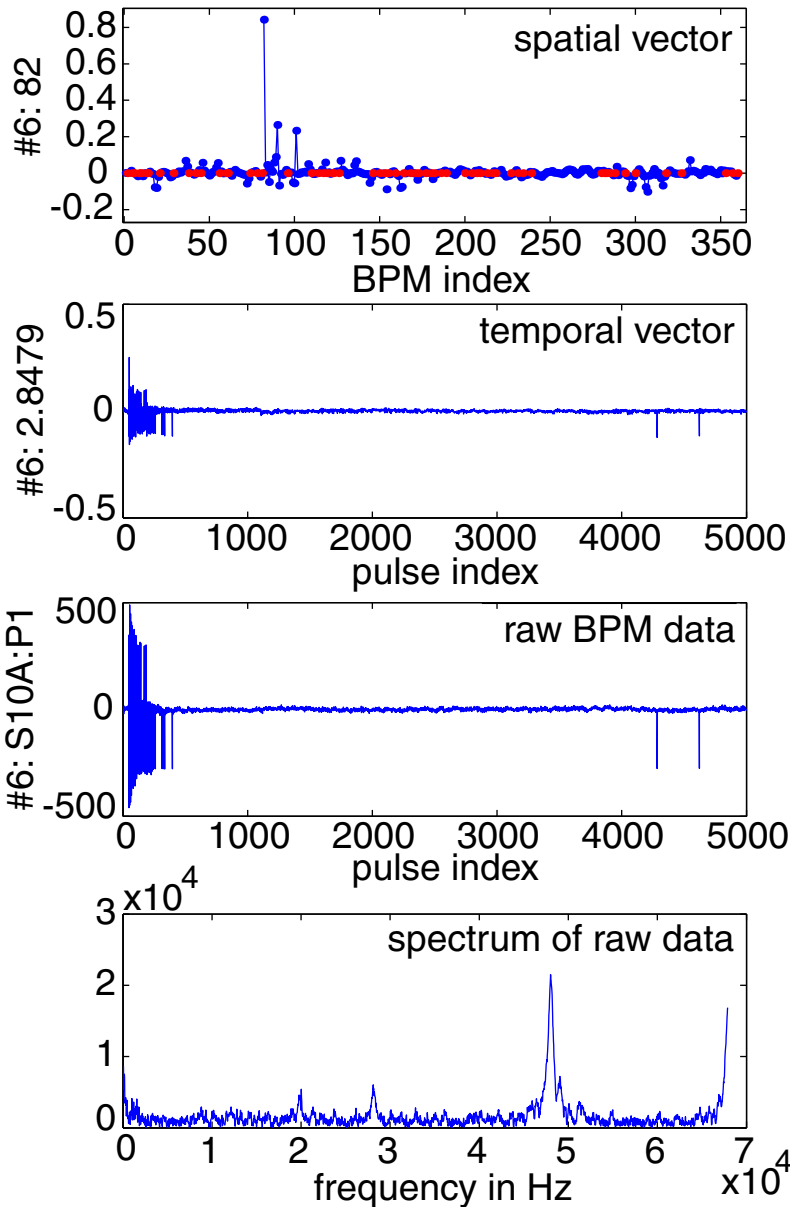


➤ Broadband low frequency noise and “chopper noise” at 20 and 40 kHz.

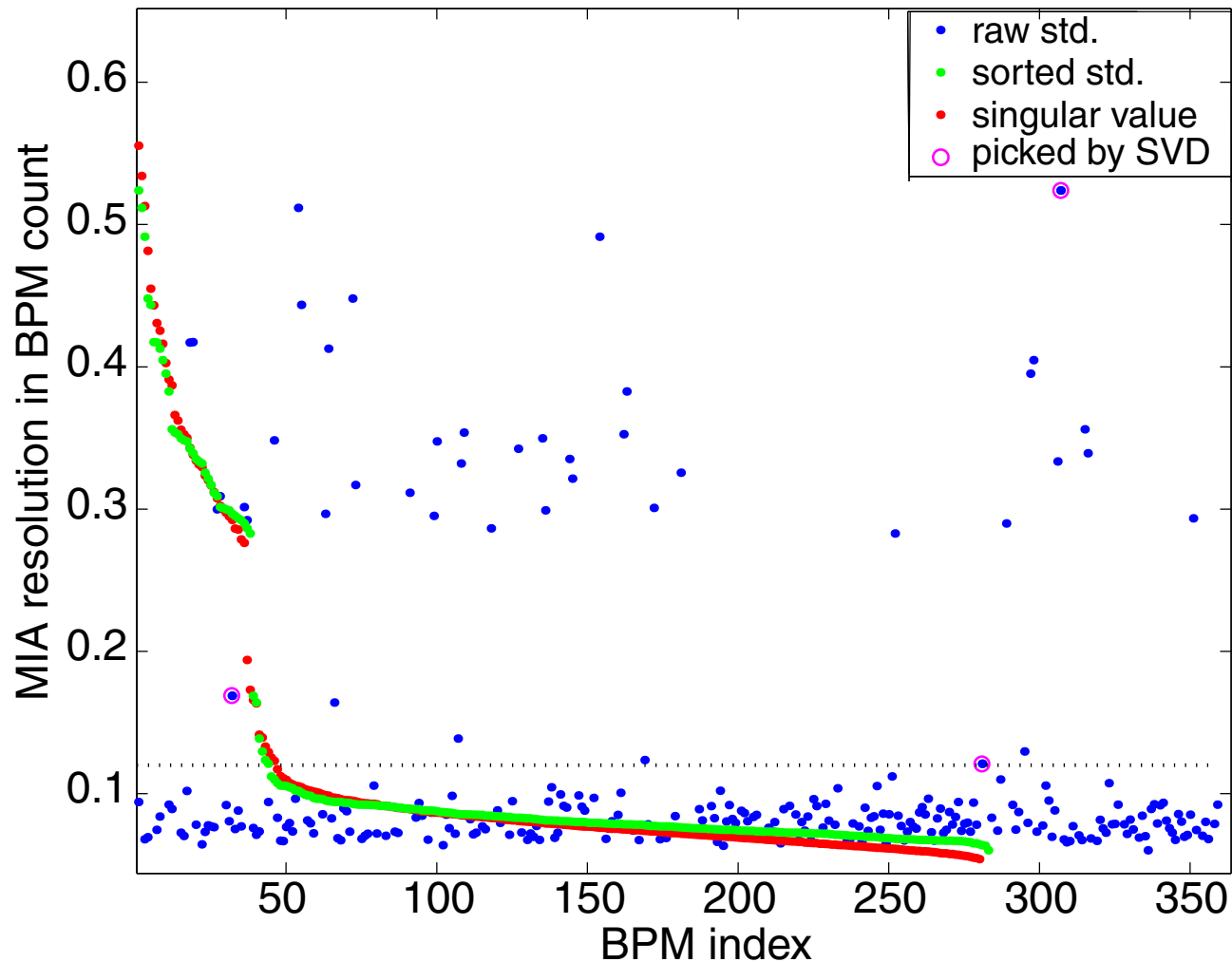


➤ Dispersion and unsettled longitudinal oscillation.

Examples of problems in BPM history of APS



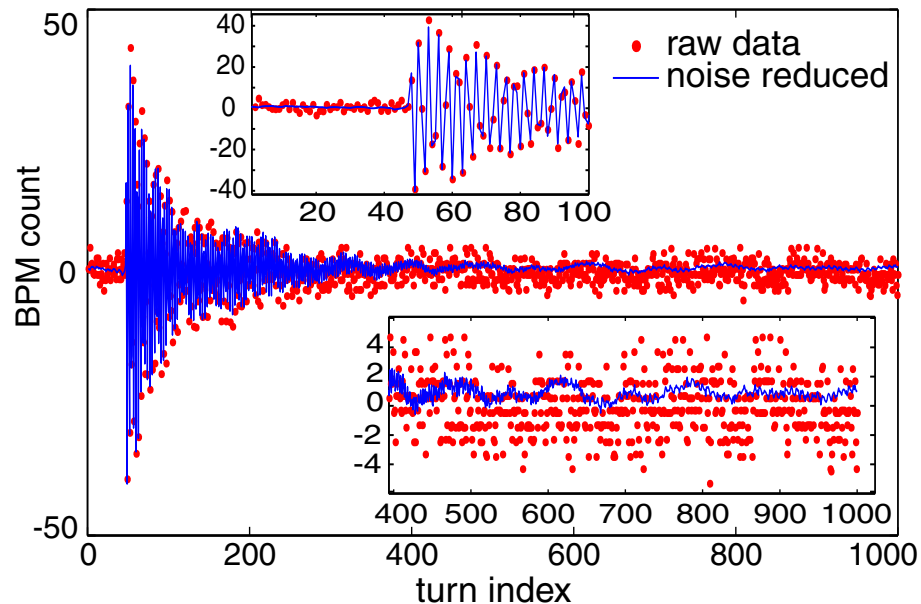
Measurement of horizontal BPM resolutions of APS



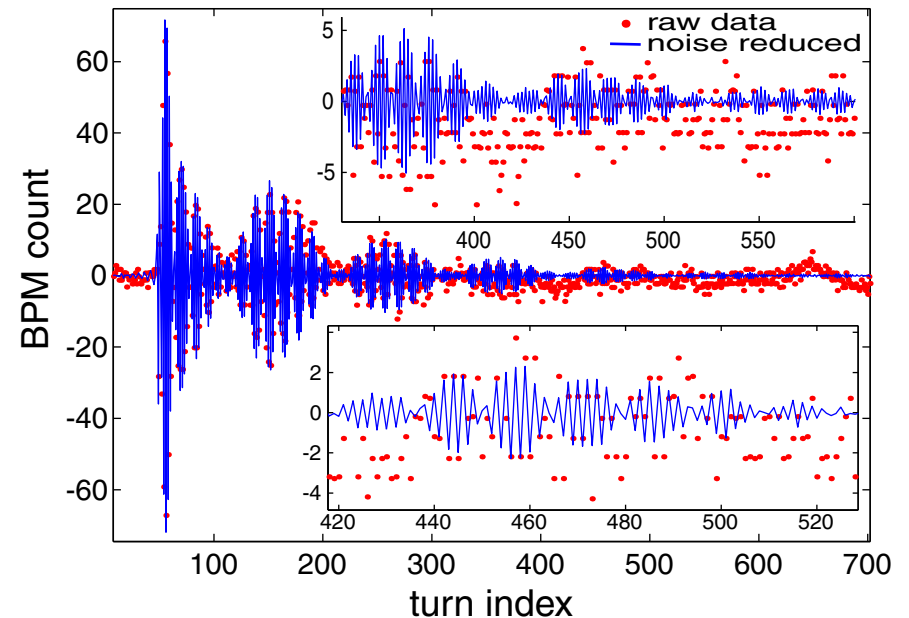
- Three coherent modes have been removed from the data.
- BPMs on the upper part have larger noise mostly due to using higher gains.
- The curves don't reach the end because many BPMs do not function at all.

Noise reduction of turn-by-turn BPM history data of APS

(horizontal)

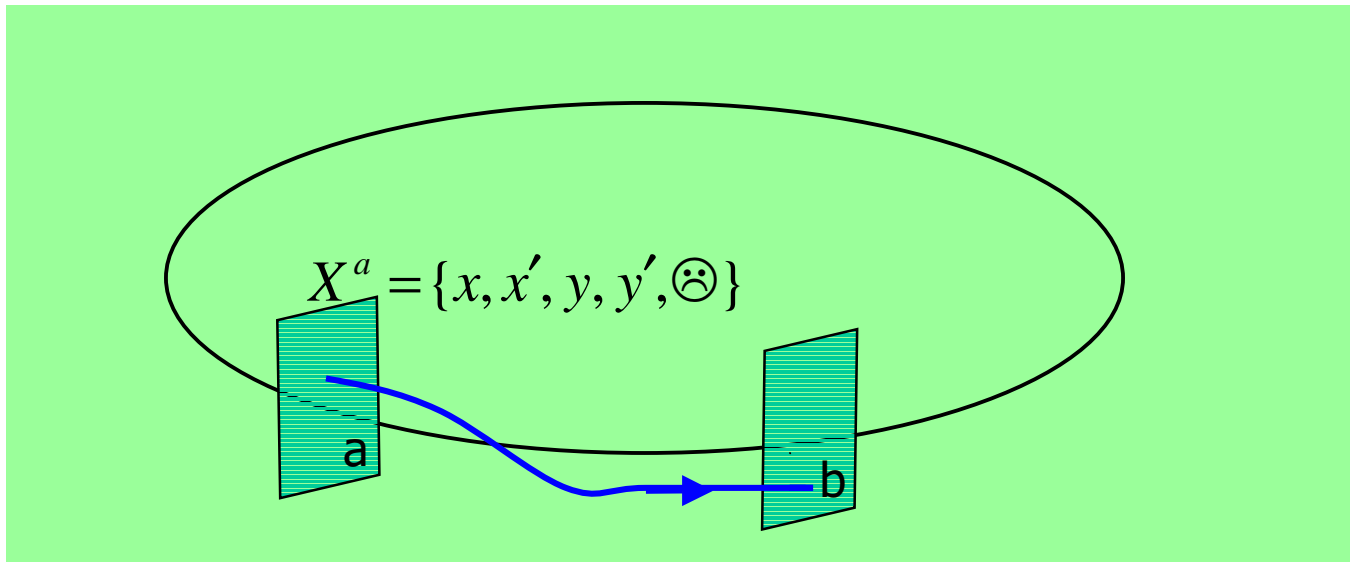


(vertical)



- These are the BPM history data of a horizontally and vertically kicked beam.
- After noise reduction, beam motion can be clearly seen beyond the gridlines of BPM digitization.
- One BPM count is about 7 μm .

Measurement of nonlinear transformation maps

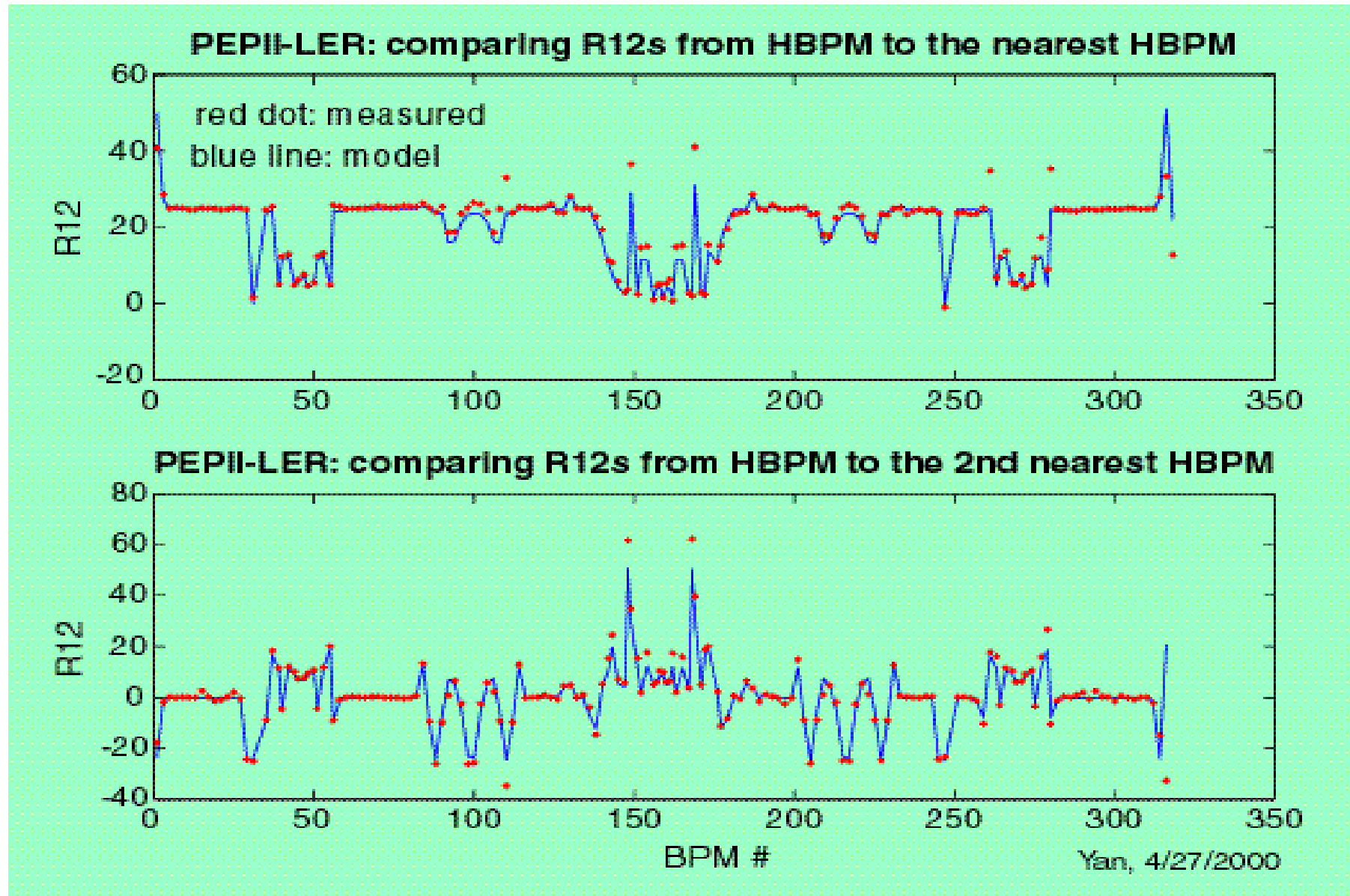


Taylor map representation (TRANSPORT notations)

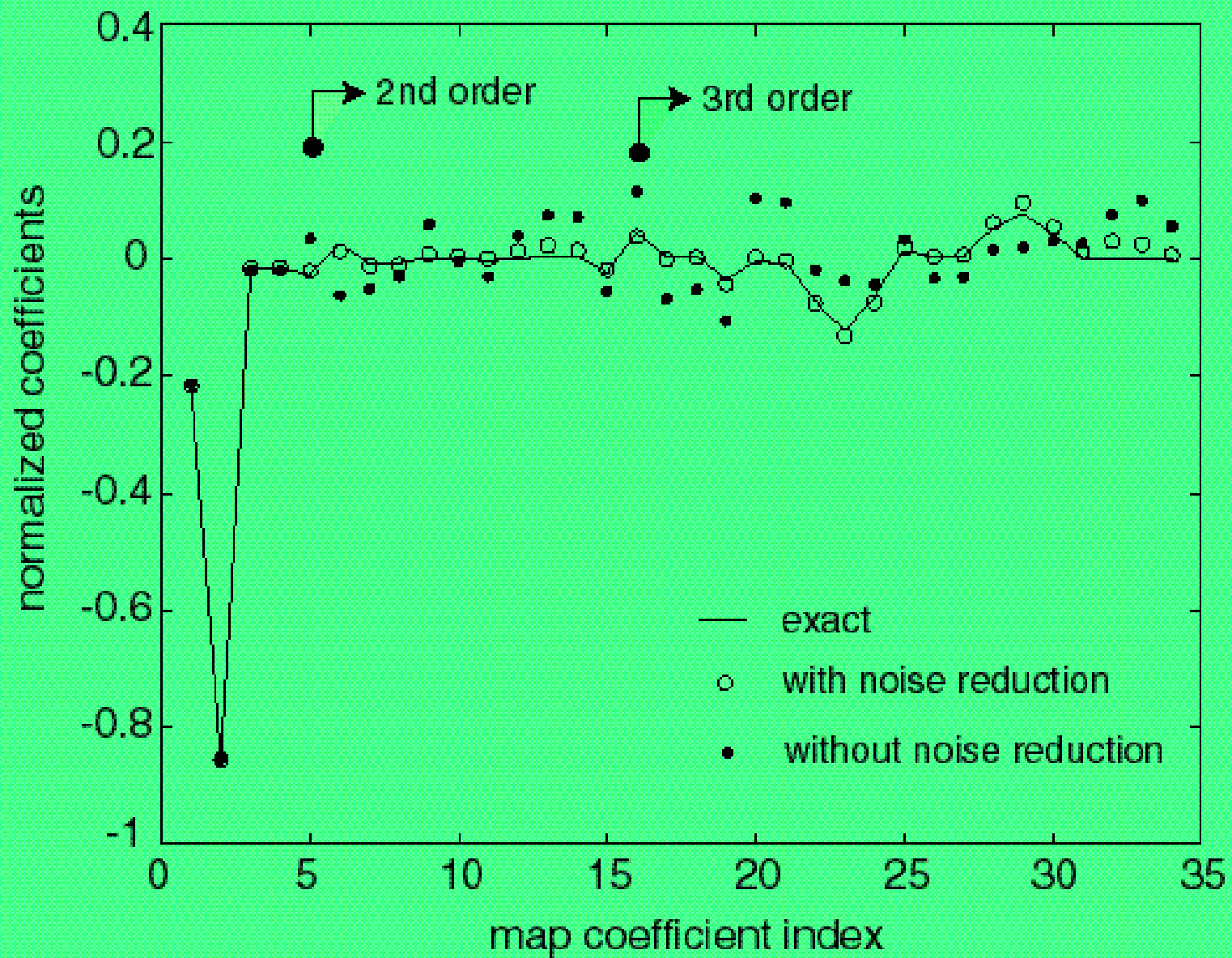
$$X_k^b = C_k^a + R_{kl}^{a \rightarrow b} X_l^a + T_{klm}^{a \rightarrow b} X_l^a X_m^a + \\ U_{klmp}^{a \rightarrow b} X_l^a X_m^a X_p^a + V_{klmpq}^{a \rightarrow b} X_l^a X_m^a X_p^a X_q^a + \text{☹}$$

Need high sensitivity to beam motion, for which MIA could be crucial

Local R12 measurement of PEP-II LER



10σ normalized one-turn map (x-component) coefficients



Transverse wakefield effect measurements at SLC

